

# IEEE 5G and Beyond Testbed Workshop

## September 24, 2017

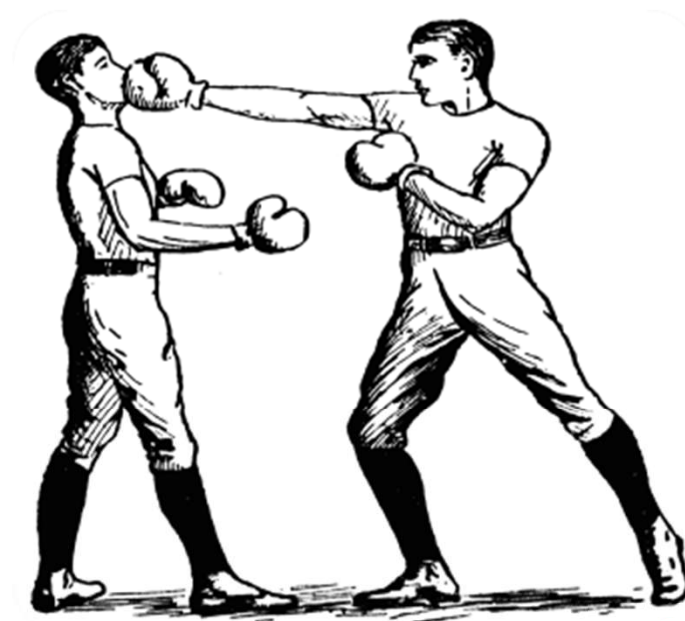
### **Towards a comprehensive, sustainable wiki catalogue of testbeds and open source toolkits**

Thomas Magedanz, Fraunhofer FOKUS / TU Berlin, Germany  
Christian Rothenberg, University of Campinas (UNICAMP), Brazil

Internet: <http://www.sdn-os-toolkits.org/>



# Network Softwarization



## Existing

- CLIs
- Closed Source
- Vendor Lead
- Classic Network Appliances

## New

- APIs
- Open Source
- Customer Lead
- Network Function Virtualization (NFV)

## Why Open Source in Networking?

- Higher reliability, more flexibility
- Faster, lower cost, and higher quality development
- Collaborative decisions about new features and roadmaps
- A common environment for users and app developers
- Ability for users to focus resources on differentiating development
- Opportunity to drive open standards

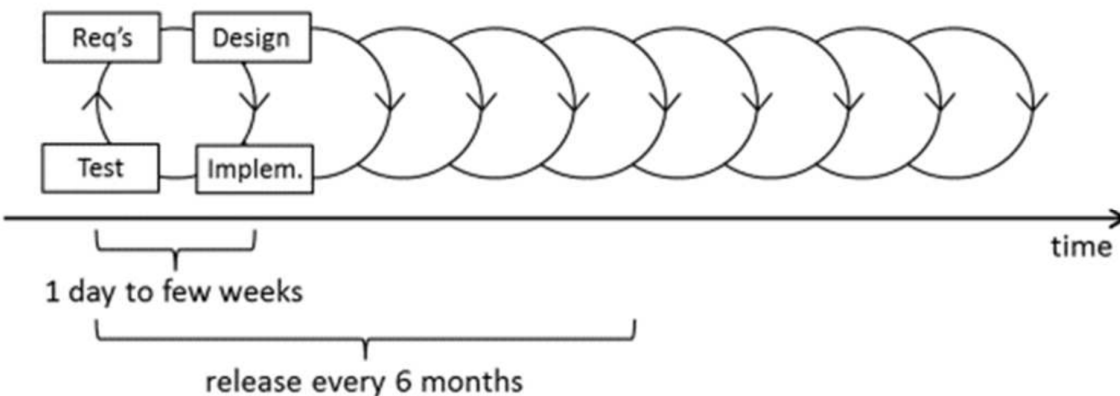
**Bottom Line:** The open source model significantly accelerates consensus, delivering high performing, peer-reviewed code that forms a basis for an ecosystem of solutions.



# SDN/NFV & Open Source

## Evolving and accelerating the path to standardization

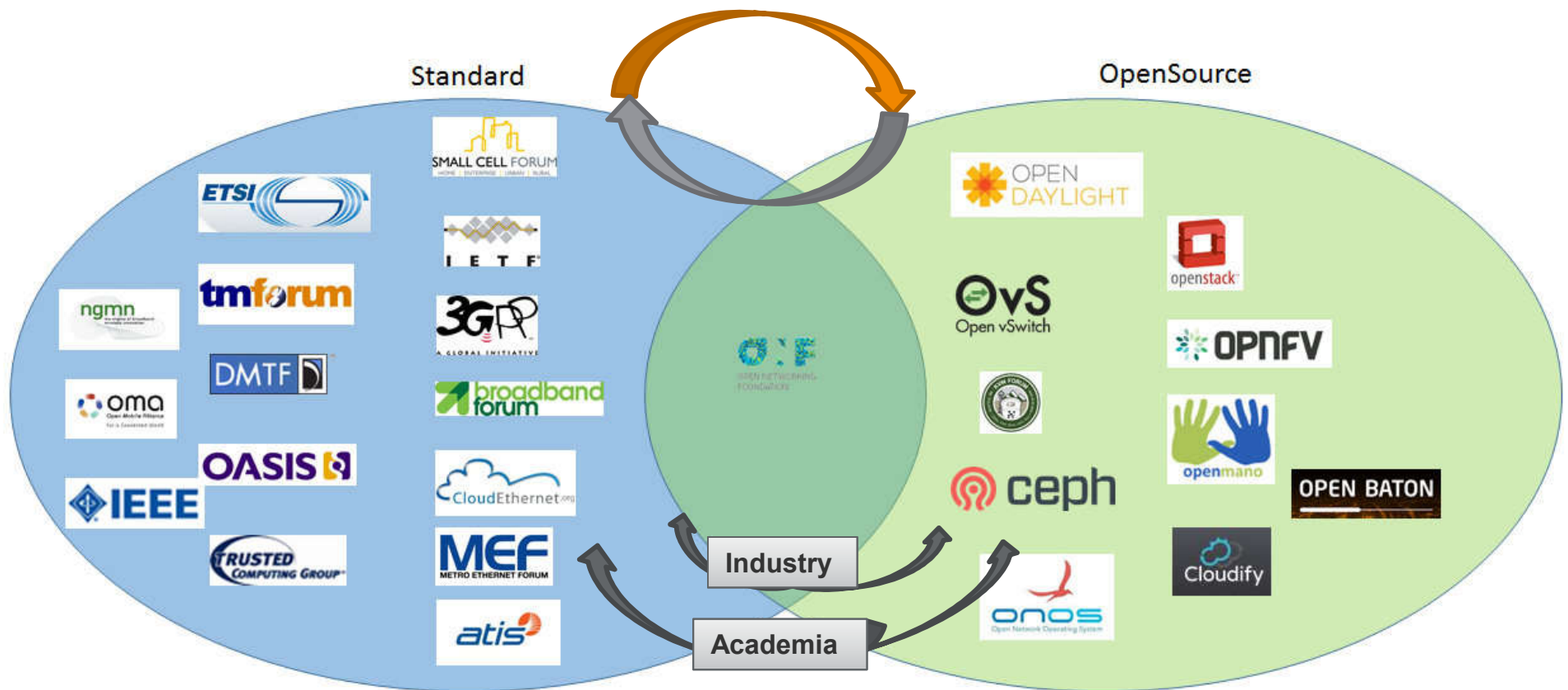
|                              | Present with SDN  | Past / Traditional  |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Drivers</b>               | Customer  | Vendors   |
| <b>Goals</b>                 | Address user / operator needs (customization)                     | Enable multiple solutions (interoperability)  |
| <b>Deliverables</b>          | Implementations & PoCs  | Documents   |
| <b>Quantity of Standards</b> | Less  | More  |
| <b>Timetable</b>             | Few years   | Many years  |
| <b>Validation</b>            | PoCs integral to the process                                      | Products and deployments after release  |
| <b>Point of Control</b>      | Contribution to FLOSS codebase.<br>Ability to understand codebase | Seat at standards committee table   |
| <b>Parties Involved</b>      | Anyone with domain expertise and coding ability                   | Vendors who can afford membership fees.<br>Experts and academics with high standing in their fields |



### Further Reading:

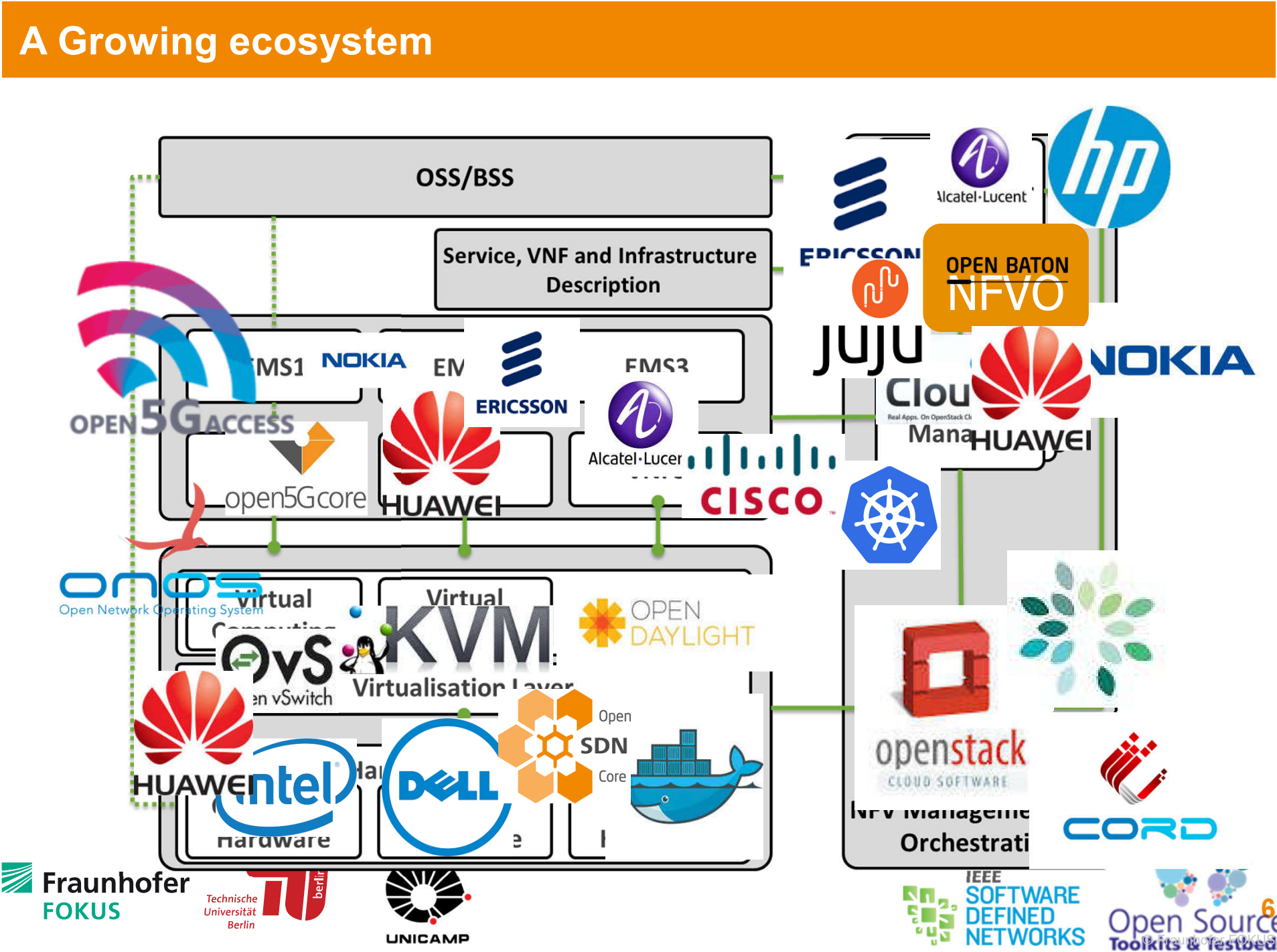
- IETF Trends and Observations [\*draft-arkko-ietf-trends-and-observations-00\*](#)
- Source of table: "[\*When Open Source Meets Network Control Planes\*](#)." In IEEE Computer (Special Issue on Software-Defined Networking), vol.47, Nov. 2014.
- Source of figure: A. Manzalini et al., "[\*Towards 5G Software-Defined Ecosystems\*](#)"

# Standard Development & Open Source Organizations



Source: SDN IEEE Outreach, <http://sdn.ieee.org/outreach>

## A Growing ecosystem



# Testbeds around the globe

| Title   | location        | owner organization    | short description  | website   |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| <a href="#">5G Center for Innovative Networks</a>     | Turkey          | NETAS                 | 5GNET based in Istanbul focuses on wireless access technologies and performs combined functionalities with a wide function equipped laboratory and venture capital.  | N/A   |
| <a href="#">5G Experimental Facilities</a>            | UK              | University of Bristol | The facility aims to create a unique, fully flexible, programmable and open experimental platform for all networks and IT technologies.  | N/A   |
| <a href="#">5G haus</a>                               | Germany         | Deutsche Telekom      | DT has set-up a European wide program for the coordination, planning, and carrying out of 5G related experiments, tests, and field trials.   | <a href="https://www.telekom.com/5ghaus">https://www.telekom.com/5ghaus</a>   |
| <a href="#">5G Lab Germany</a>                        | Germany         | TU Dresden            | It is an interdisciplinary team with more than 500 researchers and aims to deliver key technologies for enabling 5G. The 5G Holistic Testbed consists of several connected test-beds which enable holistic research approaches for areas from silicon, wireless, networks, edge clouds and applications. | <a href="http://5glab.de">http://5glab.de</a>   |
| <a href="#">5G Playground</a>                         | Germany, Berlin | Fraunhofer FOKUS      | 5G playground encompasses a comprehensive, highly customizable and re-configurable network environment, based on commercially available components and the Fraunhofer own toolkits   | <a href="http://5GPlayground.org">5GPlayground.org</a>  |
| <a href="#">5G Wireless Innovation Center, Argela</a> | Turkey          | Istanbul              | 5GWiN based in Istanbul and Silicon Valley focuses on software defined future radio access technologies. Current projects listed as ULAK to develop 4G base station, short and long range Small Cell, programmable C-RAN.  | <a href="http://www.ttinvestorrelations.com/turk-telekom-group/group-companies/argela.aspx">http://www.ttinvestorrelations.com/turk-telekom-group/group-companies/argela.aspx</a> |
| <a href="#">5G-EmPOWER testbed</a>                    | Italy           | Create-Net            | 5G-EmPOWER developed by Create-Net is a unique and open toolkit for SDN/NFV research and experimentation over wireless and mobile networks.  | <a href="https://github.com/5g-empower/5g-empower.github.io/wiki/Overview">https://github.com/5g-empower/5g-empower.github.io/wiki/Overview</a>                                   |

And many more: <http://networld2020.eu/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/5G-experimentation-Whitepaper-v10.pdf>



## Research challenges (1/2)

Research and development around Software Defined Networking (SDN) and Network Function Virtualization (NFV) is vast and **testbeds and related toolkits** in academia addressing SDN, NFV, Mobile Edge Computing (MEC) and 5G technologies are being set-up

- A **strong impact** on the industry is anticipated

Many open source initiatives with high potentials are **not known** by other researchers due to the **lack of visibility**

- Scientific publications are a good mean for those researchers to get some visibility, but that's not enough

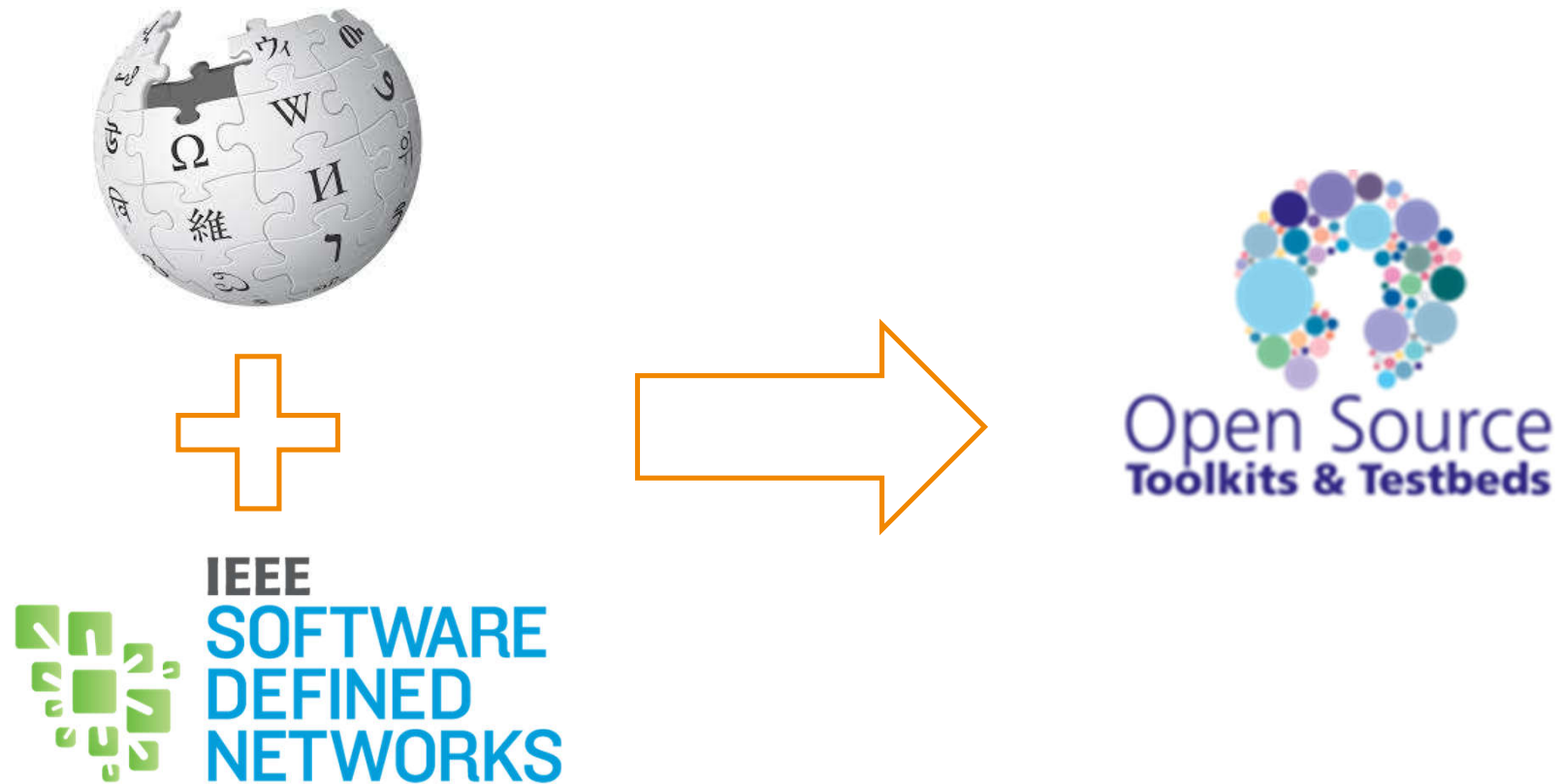
## Research challenges (2/2)

- Many researchers, students, product developers have no idea how to get started
- The large number of existing activities makes very difficult the selection process of the tools needed for supporting their requirements



How to get started???

# Towards a “Wikipedia” of Toolkits & Testbeds



# Phase 1: Collaborative Data Collection

## Toolkits:

- <http://bit.do/oss-sdn-nfv>
- From initial 90 to current 170+ projects

| Name                                      | Organization          | Main Contribution / Focus [SHORT DESC: 160 char.]   | Link-Project  | Link-Repo-Code  | OpenSource-License              | Mailing-list   |
|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| OpenSwitch (OVS)                          | Linux Foundation      | Production quality, multilayer virtual switch designed to enable massive network automation through programmatic extension, while still supporting standard management interfaces and protocols.                                | <a href="http://openvswitch.org/">http://openvswitch.org/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/openvswitch/ovs">https://github.com/openvswitch/ovs</a>                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:announce@openvswitch.org">announce@openvswitch.org</a>                               |
| OpenSwitch (OSP)                          | Linux Foundation      | OpenSwitch is a network operating system for disaggregated switches that are built around OCP compliant hardware and that utilizes the ONOS tool leader to install and uninstall network operating systems.                     | <a href="http://www.openvswitch.net/">http://www.openvswitch.net/</a>                                   | <a href="https://github.com/openvswitch/ovs">https://github.com/openvswitch/ovs</a>                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:osp-dev@openvswitch.net">osp-dev@openvswitch.net</a>                                 |
| Indigo                                    | Big Switch Networks   | The Indigo agent includes core libraries aimed at enabling support for OpenFlow on physical and hypervisor switches.  | <a href="http://www.projectfloodlight.org/indigo/">http://www.projectfloodlight.org/indigo/</a>         | <a href="https://github.com/floodlight/indigo">https://github.com/floodlight/indigo</a>                   | Google Public License version 1 | <a href="mailto:indigo-announce@openvswitch.org">indigo-announce@openvswitch.org</a>                 |
| OfnetSwitch (1)                           | CPQ                   | Research-friendly User-space OpenFlow 1.1 software switch forked from Stanford's original reference switch design used for prototyping and experimentation. Integrated into Ofnet.  | <a href="http://github.com/ofnet/ofnet">http://github.com/ofnet/ofnet</a>                               | <a href="https://github.com/CPQ/ofnet-switch">https://github.com/CPQ/ofnet-switch</a>                     | BSD license                     | <a href="mailto:openflow-discuss@openvswitch.org">openflow-discuss@openvswitch.org</a>               |
| LINC-switch                               | FlowForwarding        | LINC is a pure OpenFlow software switch written in Erlang.  | <a href="http://flowforwarding.github.io/LINC/">http://flowforwarding.github.io/LINC/</a>               | <a href="https://github.com/FlowForwarding/linc">https://github.com/FlowForwarding/linc</a>               | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:linc-dev@flowforwarding.org">linc-dev@flowforwarding.org</a>                         |
| Protocol Oblique Forwarding (POF)         | Huawei                | SDN southbound protocol designed for high flexibility.  | <a href="http://www.poforwarding.org/">http://www.poforwarding.org/</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/poforwarding/poforwarding">https://github.com/poforwarding/poforwarding</a>   | BSD license                     | <a href="mailto:poforwarding@huawei.com">poforwarding@huawei.com</a>                                 |
| Lagopus                                   | NTT                   | High-performance software OpenFlow 1.3 switch leveraging DPDK.  | <a href="http://www.lagopus.io/">http://www.lagopus.io/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/lagopus/lagopus">https://github.com/lagopus/lagopus</a>                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:lagopus-devel@lists.sourceforge.net">lagopus-devel@lists.sourceforge.net</a>         |
| Berkeley Extensible Software Switch (BES) | Berkeley University   | Modular framework for high-performance software switches allowing to configure custom packet processing datapath by composing small "modules".  | <a href="http://github.com/berkeley-extensible-switch">http://github.com/berkeley-extensible-switch</a> | <a href="https://github.com/berkeley-extensible-switch">https://github.com/berkeley-extensible-switch</a> | BSDv3                           |  |
| ClickOS                                   | NEC                   | A minimalist, take-made, virtualized operating system to run Click-based middleboxes.   | <a href="http://clickos.net/">http://clickos.net/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/clickos/clickos">https://github.com/clickos/clickos</a>                       | BSDv3                           | <a href="mailto:clickos@listserv.netlib.net">clickos@listserv.netlib.net</a>                         |
| Click                                     | MIT, UCLA, and others | The Click modular router: fast modular packet processing and analysis.  | <a href="http://www.netmeister.org/">http://www.netmeister.org/</a>                                     | <a href="https://github.com/click/click">https://github.com/click/click</a>                               | MIT                             | <a href="mailto:click@netmeister.org">click@netmeister.org</a>                                       |
| Swash Switch                              | Swash                 | Swash (formerly "Swash Switch") is a simple and fast packet networking toolkit.   | <a href="http://swash.io/">http://swash.io/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/swash/swash">https://github.com/swash/swash</a>                               | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:swash-devel@googlegroups.com">swash-devel@googlegroups.com</a>                       |
| OpenNetVM                                 | GW, UCR               | High-performance NFV platform for running service chains through Docker NF's  | <a href="http://github.com/opennetvm/">http://github.com/opennetvm/</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/opennetvm/opennetvm">https://github.com/opennetvm/opennetvm</a>               | BSD                             | <a href="mailto:opennetvm@ucsb.edu">opennetvm@ucsb.edu</a>   |
| Open Network Install Environment (ONIE)   | Open Compute Project  | Open Compute Project open source initiative contributed by Citrus Networks that defines an open "install environment" for bare metal network switches.  | <a href="http://www.opencompute.org/">http://www.opencompute.org/</a>                                   | <a href="https://github.com/opencompute/onie">https://github.com/opencompute/onie</a>                     | GNU GPL v2                      | <a href="mailto:opencompute-onie@lists.opencompute.org">opencompute-onie@lists.opencompute.org</a>   |
| Open Network Linux (ONL)                  | Open Compute Project  | Linux distribution for "bare metal" switches, that is, network forwarding devices built from commodity components.  | <a href="http://opennetworklinux.org/">http://opennetworklinux.org/</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/OpenComputeProj/onl">https://github.com/OpenComputeProj/onl</a>               | GNU GPL v2                      | <a href="mailto:opennetworklinux@googlegroups.com">opennetworklinux@googlegroups.com</a>             |
| Facebook Open Switching System (FBOSS)    | Facebook              | Facebook's software stack (user-space applications, libraries, and utilities) for controlling and managing network switches.  | <a href="https://github.com/facebook/fboss">https://github.com/facebook/fboss</a>                       | <a href="https://github.com/facebook/fboss">https://github.com/facebook/fboss</a>                         | BSD license                     |  |
| OpenDaylight (ODL)                        | Linux Foundation      | Production-ready open SDN platform containing features, protocols and plug-ins that can be integrated in a number of ways to deliver a broad set of SDN use cases.  | <a href="http://www.opendaylight.org/">http://www.opendaylight.org/</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/openvswitch/odl">https://github.com/openvswitch/odl</a>                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:controller-users@lists.opendaylight.org">controller-users@lists.opendaylight.org</a> |
| ONOS                                      | Linux Foundation      | Carrier-grade SDN network operating system designed for high availability, performance, scale-out.  | <a href="http://onosproject.org/">http://onosproject.org/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/onosproject/onos">https://github.com/onosproject/onos</a>                     | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:onos-discuss@onosproject.org">onos-discuss@onosproject.org</a>                       |
| Floodlight                                | Big Switch Networks   | Java-based OpenFlow 1.0 controller  | <a href="http://www.projectfloodlight.org/floodlight/">http://www.projectfloodlight.org/floodlight/</a> | <a href="https://github.com/floodlight/floodlight">https://github.com/floodlight/floodlight</a>           | Google Public License version 1 | <a href="mailto:floodlight-dev@openvswitch.org">floodlight-dev@openvswitch.org</a>                   |
| Ryu                                       | NTT                   | Python-based OpenFlow 1.2 controller  | <a href="http://www.ryu.io/">http://www.ryu.io/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/ryu/ryu">https://github.com/ryu/ryu</a>                                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:ryu-dev@lists.openvswitch.org">ryu-dev@lists.openvswitch.org</a>                     |
| Trinix                                    | NEC                   | Trinix is a full-stack framework for developing OpenFlow controllers in Ruby and C.   | <a href="http://github.com/trinix/trinix">http://github.com/trinix/trinix</a>                           | <a href="https://github.com/trinix/trinix">https://github.com/trinix/trinix</a>                           | GNU GPL v2                      | <a href="mailto:trinix-dev@googlegroups.com">trinix-dev@googlegroups.com</a>                         |
| OpenMIL                                   | OpenMIL Foundation    | Base SDN/OpenFlow controller platform written almost entirely in C (from scratch) and provides top performance in terms of flow handling (download rate and latency) as well as a very stable application development platform. | <a href="http://www.openmil.org/">http://www.openmil.org/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/openmil/openmil">https://github.com/openmil/openmil</a>                       | GNU GPL v2                      |  |
| POX                                       | Stanford University   | Python-based OpenFlow 1.0 controller used for research and experimentation  | <a href="http://github.com/huawei/pox">http://github.com/huawei/pox</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/huawei/pox">https://github.com/huawei/pox</a>                                 | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:pox-dev@lists.openvswitch.org">pox-dev@lists.openvswitch.org</a>                     |
| Beacon                                    | Stanford University   | Java-based OpenFlow 1.0 controller  | <a href="http://github.com/beacon/beacon">http://github.com/beacon/beacon</a>                           | <a href="https://github.com/beacon/beacon">https://github.com/beacon/beacon</a>                           | BSD License                     |  |
| SNAC                                      | Stanford University   | OpenFlow 1.0 controller with network access control application   | <a href="http://github.com/snac/snac">http://github.com/snac/snac</a>                                   | <a href="https://github.com/snac/snac">https://github.com/snac/snac</a>                                   | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:snac-dev@lists.openvswitch.org">snac-dev@lists.openvswitch.org</a>                   |
| NOX                                       | Stanford University   | First OpenFlow 1.0 controller implementation  | <a href="http://github.com/nox/nox">http://github.com/nox/nox</a>                                       | <a href="https://github.com/nox/nox">https://github.com/nox/nox</a>                                       | Apache 2.0                      |  |
| IRIS                                      | ETRI                  | The Recursive SDN OpenFlow Controller by ETRI is an open source version of IRIS. IRIS is an OpenFlow-based SDN controller designed to solve scalability and availability issues of SDN.   | <a href="http://openiris.etri.re.kr/">http://openiris.etri.re.kr/</a>                                   | <a href="https://github.com/etri/iris">https://github.com/etri/iris</a>                                   |                                 |  |
| ExaBGP                                    | Exa Networks          | ExaBGP provides a convenient way to implement Software Defined Networking by transforming BGP messages into friendly plain text or JSON, which can then be easily handled by simple scripts or your SDN/SD-WAN.                 | <a href="http://github.com/Exa-Networks/exabgp">http://github.com/Exa-Networks/exabgp</a>               | <a href="https://github.com/Exa-Networks/exabgp">https://github.com/Exa-Networks/exabgp</a>               | BSD                             | <a href="mailto:exabgp-users@googlegroups.com">exabgp-users@googlegroups.com</a>                     |
| GoBGP                                     | NTT                   | GoBGP is an open source BGP implementation designed from scratch for modern environment and implemented in a modern programming language, the Go Programming Language.  | <a href="http://github.com/ntt/go-bgp">http://github.com/ntt/go-bgp</a>                                 | <a href="https://github.com/ntt/go-bgp">https://github.com/ntt/go-bgp</a>                                 | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:go-bgp-dev@lists.openvswitch.org">go-bgp-dev@lists.openvswitch.org</a>               |
| Bird                                      | CZ.NC                 | IP Routing Stack  | <a href="http://bird.network.cz/">http://bird.network.cz/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/network-bird/bird">https://github.com/network-bird/bird</a>                   | GNU GPL                         | <a href="mailto:bird-users@network.cz">bird-users@network.cz</a>                                     |
| Quagga                                    | OpenSourceRouting     | IP Routing Stack  | <a href="http://www.opensource-routing.org/">http://www.opensource-routing.org/</a>                     | <a href="https://github.com/openvswitch/quagga">https://github.com/openvswitch/quagga</a>                 | GNU GPL                         | <a href="mailto:quagga-users@lists.openvswitch.org">quagga-users@lists.openvswitch.org</a>           |
| Calico                                    | Tigera                | Highly efficient vRouter in each compute node that leverages the existing Linux kernel forwarding engine without the need for vSwitches   | <a href="http://www.projectcalico.org/">http://www.projectcalico.org/</a>                               | <a href="https://github.com/projectcalico/calico">https://github.com/projectcalico/calico</a>             | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:calico-announce@lists.openvswitch.org">calico-announce@lists.openvswitch.org</a>     |
| XDRP                                      | XDRP                  | IP Routing Stack  | <a href="http://www.xdrp.org/">http://www.xdrp.org/</a>   | <a href="https://github.com/xdrp/xdrp">https://github.com/xdrp/xdrp</a>                                   | GNU GPL                         | <a href="mailto:xdrp-users@vorp.org">xdrp-users@vorp.org</a>   |
| Asterix                                   | Alcatel               | OpenFlow-based SDN controller designed to solve scalability and availability issues of SDN.   | <a href="http://github.com/asterix/asterix">http://github.com/asterix/asterix</a>                       | <a href="https://github.com/asterix/asterix">https://github.com/asterix/asterix</a>                       | Apache 2.0                      | <a href="mailto:asterix-dev@lists.openvswitch.org">asterix-dev@lists.openvswitch.org</a>             |

## Testbeds:

- <http://networkworld2020.eu/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/5G-experimentation-Whitepaper-v10.pdf>

## Phase 2: Initial version of the Wiki

<https://wiki.sdn.ieee.org>

- Some existing wiki toolkits have been analyzed:
  - Selected Atlassian Confluence directly supported by and integrated with the IEEE service infrastructure and used in related open source initiative (OPNFV)
- Generation of the structure. Separation between:
  - toolkits and testbeds
- Tagging (labels) mechanism based on main functionalities / scope provided of each individual toolkit or testbed
  - It facilitates classification and navigation

## Phase 3: Open the Wiki to the public community

- Managed by the community
  - Open to any registered user
  - Scales nicely / cost-effective (effort/per-person)
  - Content updates, curation, etc.
- Area caretakers to validate updates



## Lesson learnt

- Creating a live catalogue was more complex than expected:
  - A google doc was created for collecting inputs from different partners world-wide
- Content requires frequent updates:
  - Potential committed authors must be identified in order to keep the catalogue always inline with the state-of-the-art standards and technologies
- Different authentication policies must be put in place:
  - Define a set of reviewers (wikipedia style) before the content is actually put online
  - It needs to be explored whether Confluence is the appropriate tool for this

## Potential outlook for future activities

- Improve the Wiki technologies
- Define Workflows for content management, user accounts, etc.
- Continue evolving the catalogue through the IEEE 5G initiative
- Extend the actual scope so that also 5G standards and existing open source projects are covered

# Acknowledgements

Thanks to all volunteers that contributed to the realization of the catalogue

- INTRIG MSc and PhD students @ Unicamp
- See ~30 names under the “Contributors” tab:  
<http://bit.do/oss-sdn-nfv>
- Giuseppe Carella (TU Berlin)
  - Co-producer and leader of the testbed catalogue efforts

